





NEA Workshop on Preparedness for Post-Nuclear Accident Recovery



Building a Framework for Post-Nuclear Accident Recovery Preparedness

National-Level Guidance





Presentation Title

Rita Missal

Recovery Advisor a.i

Disaster Risk Reduction and Recovery Team
Crisis Bureau, UNDP, New York





27-28 October 2022, hosted by IRSN in Fontenay-aux-Roses, France





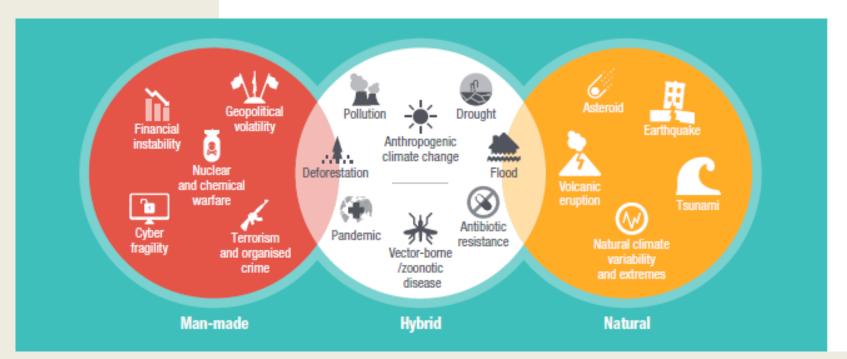
COVID -19 Recovery Management

- 1 Why and what is Recovery Preparedness and key elements?
- 2 Approach to COVID-19 Recovery?
- Examples of COVID-19 Recovery Frameworks from AUC & ASEAN
- Key lessons and challenges





Risk has become increasingly systemic and multi-dimensional









Key elements of Recovery Preparedness





Assessments and Plan

Institutions

Policy

FRAMEWORK GUIDE

REVISED VERSION

March 2020

:y

Financing

Implementation





Approach to COVID -19 Recovery Management

Drawing on the practice of Disaster Recovery with a key focus on "building Back Better in Rehabilitation and

Recovery" Sendai Priority 4

Based on SG's Guidance for COVID-19 Recovery & UNDP's strategy

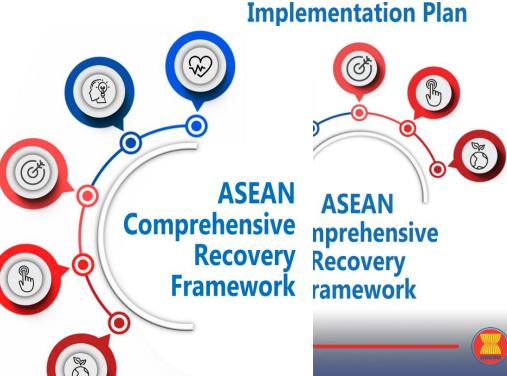
Used existing partnership and tools for assessing Socio Economic Impact

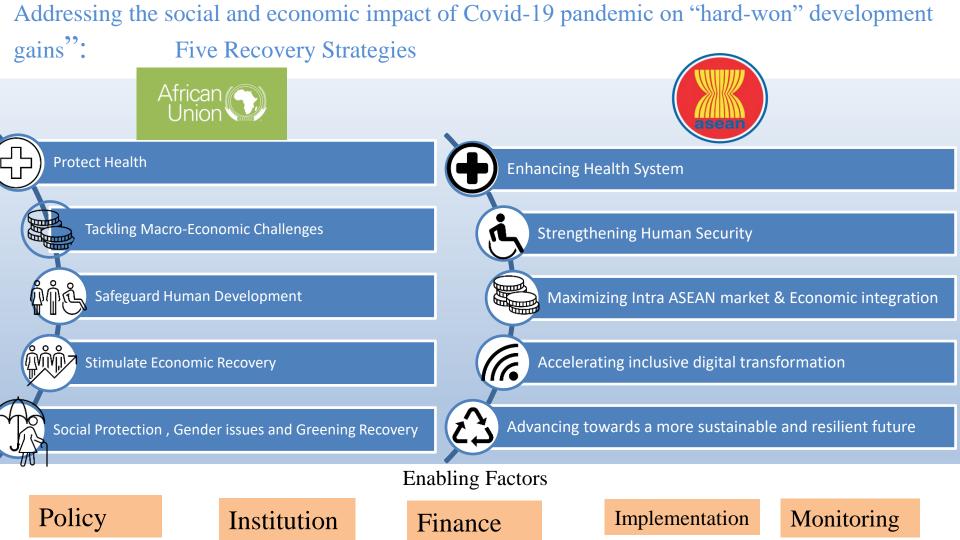
Developed Recovery Plan against Governments long term priorities



Regional approaches to COVID -19 Recovery









Governance mechanisms for COVID-19 for AUC and ASEAN

ASOAN

- African Union Heads of State and Government expressed strong commitment to the COVID-19 response and recovery through their Thirty-Four Ordinary Session (Decision Assembly/AU/Dec.797(XXXIV) held in February 2021 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia and later in the Summit on Financing African Economies and Peace and Security Council.
- The development of the Recovery
 Framework is anchored by the
 Commissioner, Department for
 Agriculture, Rural Development, Blue
 Economy and Sustainable Environment

 ASEAN Coordinating Council Working Group on Public Health Emergencies (ACCWG-PHE) established to work with the ASEAN Coordinating Council.

 Anchored by the ASEAN Integration Monitoring Directorate in the ASEAN Secretariat



Nuclear Energy Agency Key Lessons and challenges



- **Decisive leadership**: If all disasters were to be responded to as COVID-19, disaster losses could be reduced significantly. During COVID-19, there was unequivocal AU response closely lead by the Heads of State and Government. In just a couple of days, member stated mobilised millions of USD to the Africa CDC to lead the continental response by large, the CDC did an excellent job.
- Highlighted our susceptibility to **distraction** a usual tendency to focus on new disasters and abandon other equally important risk management functions)
- COVID-19 further confirmed the usual suspect: Waiting to act after a disaster
- Exposed **fragility of multilateralism and heightened sentiment of an unequal world**, a manifestation is being seen in COVID19 vaccines, COVID-19 restrictions e.g. locking out some countries with new variances while accepting others with equal variances.
- Reaffirmed ability of human systems to innovate and adapt e.g. virtual working and WFH, among others.
- Unprepared to move towards a next generation of recovery planning for a more uncertain and multi risk future

 © 2022 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development





THANK YOU

Rita Missal, Disaster Risk Reduction and Recovery Team, Crisis Bureau, UNDP rita.missal@undp.org

